SAFETY DATA SHEET JMS CITRAFRESH TOILET CLEANER

According to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 on Classification, Labelling and Packaging of Substances and Mixtures.

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product name JMS CITRAFRESH TOILET CLEANER

Container size 1L

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses Acidic Detergent. For professional use only.

Uses advised against Not for direct contact with Food or Beverage stuffs. Not for oral consumption. Must not be

used where Hypochlorite based chemicals (Bleach) are present.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Manufacturer MERLIN CHEMICALS

Unit 5

Passfield Mill Business Park

Liphook Hampshire GU30 7RR

+44 (0)1428 751122 +44 (0)1428 751133

technical@merlinchemicals.co.uk

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone Out of Office Hours Emergency Information:-

For accidents and spillages involving this product that pose a threat to the environment, or

human health, or require immediate first aid advice call:- +44(0) 7050 265597.

Note:- This number will not accept order queries or calls dealing with equipment breakdowns.

UK Environment Agency 24hour Advisory Service 0800 807060. Irish Environmental

Protection Agency 1890 335599 (This is a Lo Call Number)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (EC 1272/2008)

Physical hazards Not Classified

Health hazards Skin Corr. 1A - H314 Eye Dam. 1 - H318

Environmental hazards Not Classified

2.2. Label elements

Pictogram



Signal word Danger

Hazard statements H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

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Precautionary statements P280 Wear protective gloves, eye and face protection.

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing.

Rinse skin with water/ shower.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove

contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P313 Get medical advice/ attention. P404 Store in a closed container.

P501 Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with national regulations.

Contains SULPHAMIC ACID, SODIUM ALKYL ETHER SULPHATE

Detergent labelling < 5% anionic surfactants, Contains d-Limonene, CITRAL

2.3. Other hazards

This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB. Note: "H290 May Be Corrosive to Metals" relates to the concentrated product.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

SULPHAMIC ACID 5-10%

CAS number: 5329-14-6 EC number: 226-218-8 REACH registration number: 01-

2119488633-28-XXXX

Classification Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC)

Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Xi;R36/38 R52/53

Eye Irrit. 2 - H319 Aquatic Chronic 3 - H412

SODIUM ALKYL ETHER SULPHATE 1-5%

CAS number: 68891-38-3 EC number: 500-234-8 REACH registration number: 01-

2119488639-16

Classification Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC)

Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Xi; R38, R41

Eye Dam. 1 - H318 Aquatic Chronic 3 - H412

The Full Text for all R-Phrases and Hazard Statements are Displayed in Section 16.

Composition comments To the best of our knowledge, all of the substances used in this product are being supported

for the relevent application in REACH.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General information When it is safe to do so, remove victim immediately from source of exposure. However,

consideration should be given as to whether moving the victim will cause further injury.

Inhalation Remove affected person from source of contamination. Provide rest, warmth and fresh air. If

breathing stops, provide artificial respiration. Get medical attention if any discomfort

continues.

Ingestion Do not induce vomiting. Rinse mouth thoroughly. Place unconscious person on their side in

the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place. Get medical attention.

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Skin contact Remove contaminated clothing that is not stuck to the skin. Flush area with clean water.

Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.

Eye contact Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart. Promptly wash eyes with plenty of

water while lifting the eyelids. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes and get medical

attention.

Protection of first aiders First aid personnel should wear appropriate protective equipment during any rescue.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

General information Neat product may cause chemical burns and permanent eye damage. Dilute product may

cause irritation to the skin and eyes.

Inhalation This product is corrosive. Inhalation of neat product is unlikely. However, inhalation of

vapours from hot surfaces, or sprayed droplets may result in severe burns to the mouth, nose,

GI tract and airways.

Ingestion Unlikely route of exposure without deliberate abuse. If neat chemical is ingested, chemical

burning of mouth, throat and GI tract will occur. If dilute chemical is ingested, soreness of

mouth, throat and GI tract may occur together with redness and blistering.

Skin contact Causes severe burns.

Eye contact May cause chemical eye burns. May result in permanent eye damage.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes for the doctor Rinse well with water to neutral pH.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media This product will not support combustion and is not flammable. Use an extinguishing media

suitable for surrounding materials.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards This product is non combustible, on heating corrosive vapours may be formed. Contact with

Sodium Hypochlorite or products containing Sodium Hypochlorite will liberate Chlorine Gas.

Toxic gases are formed when in contact with Copper and its Alloys (Brass).

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Protective actions during

firefighting

Protective clothing and respiratory protection should be worn when tackling fires involving this product. Control run-off water by containing and keeping it out of sewers and watercourses.

Special protective equipment

for firefighters

Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions Spillages or uncontrolled discharges into watercourses must be reported immediately to the

Environmental Agency or other appropriate regulatory body.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up

Wear suitable protective equipment, including gloves, goggles/face shield, respirator, boots, clothing or apron, as appropriate. Stop leak if possible without risk. Contain and absorb spillage with sand, earth or other non-combustible material. Collect and place in suitable waste disposal containers and seal securely. For waste disposal, see Section 13. Neutralise small amounts with sodium bicarbonate or lime and flush to sewer with large amounts of water

6.4. Reference to other sections

Reference to other sections See sections 8,12 & 13

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Usage precautions Wear appropriate clothing to prevent any possibility of liquid contact and repeated or

prolonged vapour contact. Refer to section 8.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage precautions Keep container tightly closed. Keep away from chlorinated and alkaline products. Store below

40°C.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Specific end use(s) Acidic detergent. Refer to Product Information Sheet.

Use as instructed on the product information sheet. This product is suitable for cleaning food

process plants, it is not suitable for direct food contact.

SECTION 8: Exposure Controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Ingredient comments

Where an exposure level is quoted, a risk assessment should consider if there is a need to monitor the atmosphere of the working environment. Results should be compared against the WEL and/or DNEL information provided. The Long Term WEL refers to total exposure of a worker to a specific substance averaged out over an 8 hour period.

The Short Term WEL refers to a single exposure of a worker to a specific substance over a 15 minute period.

If the Short Term WEL is exceeded and no Long Term Limit is set, further exposure during the working shift is not permitted. Further controls should be implemented to ensure that future exposure to the substance is reduced below the levels set before the activity is repeated/continued. Where no Short Term WEL exists, guidance from the HSE is to use a value of three times the Long Term WEL.

The WEL limits are laid down in the EH40 list as supplied by the HSE. This is taken from the Chemical Agents Directive (98/24/EC). Where a worker is exposed to levels approaching a limit, further exposure control measures should be considered to reduce exposure to the substance. DNEL and/or PNEC information is supplied by manufacturers of substances in accordance with REACH legislation (Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006), and is used to provide suitable risk reduction measures to limit exposure of the user of the substance to a non hazardous level. If the measured level of exposure by a route divided by the DNEL for the route is greater than 1, then further exposure controls should be implemented as described in section 8.2. Where new information becomes available under REACH, this will be passed on as revisions to the Safety Data Sheet.

SODIUM ALKYL ETHER SULPHATE (CAS: 68891-38-3)

DNEL Professional - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 2750 mg/kg/day

Professional - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 175 mg/m³

General population - Oral; Long term systemic effects: 15 mg/kg/day

General population - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 1650 mg/kg/day

General population - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 52 mg/m³

PNEC - Fresh water; 0.24 mg/l

Marine water; 0.024 mg/l
Intermittent release; 0.071 mg/l
Sediment (Freshwater); 5.45 mg/kg
Sediment (Marinewater); 0.545 mg/kg

- Soil; 0.946 mg/kg

- STP; 10 g/l

8.2. Exposure controls

Protective equipment









Personal protection

The PPE indicated above is not a COSHH assessment. It represents PPE that should be considered during the manufacture, distribution, use and final disposal stages of this product's life cycle. It is the responsibility of employers to conduct a COSHH/risk assessment to determine appropriate PPE levels. The information given below should be used to support this assessment. Where possible replace manual processes with automated or closed processes to minimise contact with the product.

Eye/face protection

Wear full-face visor or shield. Refer to EN Standard 166 to select appropriate level of protection.

Hand protection

Impervious Chemical Resistant Gloves of Butyl Rubber, PVC, Polychloroprene with a natural latex liner, all with a minimum material thickness 0.5mm and a breakthrough time of >480mins. Alternatively Nitrile Rubber, Fluorinated Rubber, both with a minimum thickness of 0.35 - 0.4mm and a breakthrough time of >480minutes. Refer to Standard EN 374.

Other skin and body protection

Appropriate footwear and additional protective clothing complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contamination is possible. Reference to EN 13832 and EN 943 is useful when selecting footwear and clothing.

Hygiene measures

Promptly remove non-impervious clothing that has become contaminated, provided it is not adhered to the skin. Contaminated clothing and shoes must be discarded. Provide eyewash station and safety shower.

Respiratory protection

No specific recommendation made, but respiratory protection must be used if the general level exceeds the Workplace Exposure Limit. In the case of dust or aerosol formation (eg spraying), or vapour from hot vessels, use respiratory protection with an approved filter (P2).

Environmental exposure controls

Do not allow the substance to contaminate surface water/ground water. See points 6, 12 &13. Discharge of solutions into effluent systems (including municipal drains) or to surface water are expected to cause significant pH changes. Discharge of solutions should be carried out such that pH changes are minimised. Where necessary pH buffering measures should be

General Health and Safety Measures.

A full Risk Assessment should be carried out before handling any chemical(s). Risk Assessments should refer to COSHH, and any other relevant legislation or industry specific guidelines governing the use of chemicals. We recommend use of gloves and eye protection for normal use of this product. Note: Mixing use solutions with Bleach or other Sodium Hypochlorite based products will produce toxic Chlorine gas.

SECTION 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance Clear liquid.

Colour Green
Odour Citrus.

Odour threshold Not applicable.

pH 1 - 2

Melting pointNot applicable.Initial boiling point and rangeNot applicable.Flash pointNot applicable.Evaporation rateNot applicable.Evaporation factorNot applicable.

Upper/lower flammability or

Flammability (solid, gas)

explosive limits

Not applicable.

Not applicable.

Vapour pressure Not applicable.

Vapour density Not applicable.

Relative density 1.065 - 1.075 @ 20 Degrees C

Bulk density

Solubility(ies)

Partition coefficient

Not applicable.

Not applicable.

Not applicable.

Decomposition TemperatureNot applicable.ViscosityNot determined.Explosive propertiesNot applicable.

Explosive under the influence

of a flame

Not considered to be explosive.

Oxidising properties Does not meet the criteria for classification as oxidising.

9.2. Other information

Refractive index 13 - 15

Particle size

Molecular weight

Volatility

Not applicable.

Not applicable.

Saturation concentration

Not applicable.

Critical temperature

Not applicable.

Volatile organic compound Not applicable.

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Explosive Properties Not Classified as Explosive

Storage Temperature Range 0 - 40°C

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Reactivity Stable under normal temperature conditions and recommended use. Avoid contact with

caustic/alkaline material; this will generate heat and potentially corrosive vapour. Avoid contact with bleach and other hypochlorite based products; this will produce toxic Chlorine

gas.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stability Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended. - See note 10.6.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

Refer to section 10.1. Reacts with alkalis and generates heat. Do not mix with Hypochlorite

based chemicals, this will result in the generation of toxic chlorine gas.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid Avoid excessive heat for prolonged periods of time.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid Alkalis. Bleach. Contact with some metals can liberate highly flammable hydrogen gas which

may form explosive mixtures with air. Note:- Comment refers to neat product.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition

products

No specific hazardous decomposition products noted. - See section 10.5.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

General information Toxic effect linked with corrosive properties. See section 4.2.

Inhalation Inhalation of sprayed droplets or vapours from hot surfaces may result in severe burns to the

mouth, nose, GI tract and airways. - See section 4.2.

Ingestion Causes severe burns. May cause chemical burns in mouth, oesophagus and stomach.

Skin contact Causes severe burns.

Eye contact Risk of serious damage to eyes. May cause permanent eye injury.

SECTION 12: Ecological Information

Ecotoxicity This product is not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, this does not exclude

the possibility that large or frequent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the environment. High concentrations in receiving waters will damage aquatic life due to the effects of low pH. Low concentrations may act as plant nutrient or precipitate heavy metals.

Dilute use solutions are unlikely to pose a risk to the environment.

12.1. Toxicity

Acute toxicity - fish This mixture is not classified as toxic to aquatic organisms.

Normal use of the diluted product is not expected to pose any risk.

See note 12.0

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability This product consists mainly of inorganic components for which biodegradation assessment is

not applicable. The product meets the requirements of the European Detergents Regulation

648/2004 as amended.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulative potential Not expected to bioaccumulate.

Partition coefficient Not applicable.

12.4. Mobility in soil

MobilityThe product contains substances which are water-soluble and may spread in water systems.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Results of PBT and vPvB

This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

assessment

12.6. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects Not determined.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

General information When handling waste, the safety precautions applying to handling of the product should be

considered. Do not mix with other chemicals. Disposal of this product, process solutions, residues and by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental

protection and waste disposal legislation and any local authority requirements.

Disposal methodsDischarge of small quantities to the sewer with plenty of water may be permitted.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1. UN number

UN No. (ADR/RID) 1760

UN No. (IMDG) 1760

UN No. (ICAO) 1760

UN No. (ADN) 1760

14.2. UN proper shipping name

Proper shipping name

CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S. (CONTAINS SULPHAMIC ACID)

(ADR/RID)

Proper shipping name (IMDG) CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S. (CONTAINS SULPHAMIC ACID)

Proper shipping name (ICAO) CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S. (CONTAINS SULPHAMIC ACID)

Proper shipping name (ADN) CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S. (CONTAINS SULPHAMIC ACID)

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID class

ADR/RID classification code C9

ADR/RID label 8

IMDG class 8

ICAO class/division 8
ADN class 8

Transport labels



14.4. Packing group

ADR/RID packing group II

IMDG packing group II

ADN packing group II

ICAO packing group III

14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant

No.

14.6. Special precautions for user

EmS F-A, S-B

ADR transport category 1

Emergency Action Code 2X

Hazard Identification Number

(ADR/RID)

Tunnel restriction code (E)

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

88

Transport in bulk according to Not applicable.

Annex II of MARPOL 73/78

and the IBC Code

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU legislation European Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on Classification, Labelling and Packaging of

Substances and Mixtures.

This replaces Directive 67/548/EEC - Classification, Packaging and Labelling of Dangerous Substances and Regulation (EC) No. 453/2010 relating to the Classification, Packaging and Labelling of Dangerous Preparations. Also considered is the REACH Regulation (EC)

No.1907/2006.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

SECTION 16: Other information

Abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet

(EC) No. 1272/2008: EU Regulation on Classification, Labelling and Packaging of

Substances and Mixtures.

COSHH - Control of Substances Hazardous to Health.

DNEL - Derived No Effect Limit.

Industry - Refers in section 8 to application of the substance in an industrial process.

NPIS - National Poisons Information Service. PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative & Toxic.

Professional - Refers in section 8 to application/use of the preparation/product in a skilled

trade premises.

REACH - Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation & restriction of CHemicals (Regulation EC

1907/2006).

vPvB - Very Persistent, Very bioaccumulative.

General information Only trained personnel should use this material. This document is a Safety Data Sheet, NOT

a CoSHH assessment. It is the customer's responsibility to conduct a full CoSHH

assessment, taking into account the information held within this document along with other local factors considered in a risk assessment. The Risk and Hazard statements listed below are the full text of abbreviations used in this document. They are not the final classification,

for this refer to section 2.

Revision comments This is first issue.

Revision date 01/11/2016

SDS number 24518

Hazard statements in full H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H318 Causes serious eye damage. H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

REACH extended MSDS

comments

REACH requires that persons handling chemicals should take the necessary risk

management measures, in accordance with assessments from manufacturers and importers of chemical substances. The relevent recommendations must be passed along the supply

chain. These assessments are generally reported in Exposure Scenarios.

Where Exposure Scenarios have been provided for substances used in this product, the

relevent information is incorporated into the safety data sheet.

END OF SAFETY DATA SHEET

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty, guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.